Knowledge Organiser: The Suffragette Movement

VOTES FOR WOMEN

		Key Events
	1897	NUWSS formed. Millicent Fawcett is leader.
2	1903	WSPU is formed by Emmeline Pankhurst and daughters.
3	1905	Militant Campaign begins – Christabel Pankhurst and Annie Kenney arrested
4	1908	Mass rally in London – 300,000 to 500,000 activists attend. Window smashing using stones with written pleas on them.
5	1909	Hunger strike and force feeding starts - Marian Wallace Dunlop becomes the first hunger striker.
6	1913	Militant bomb and arson campaigns and increasing arrests which results in the passing of the <u>"Cat and Mouse" Act,</u> under which hunger strike rs are temporarily released then rearrested to prevent them dying in police custody
7	1913	Emily Wilding Davison attempts to pin a Suffragette scarf onto the King's Horse at the Derby. She is struck by the horse and dies 4 days later.
8	1914	World War I starts – Suffragette leaders urge women to join the war effort. NUWSS continues to campaign for recognition for their work.
q	1918	The <u>Representation of the People Act</u> is passed, allowing men over 21 and women over 30 to vote.



Emmeline Pankhurst -WSPU

Led the WSPU from October 1903. Took more **militant** action such as windows smashing, arson and hunger strikes. Arrested numerous times, went on hunger strike and was force fed. Died ir 1928.



Christabel Pankhurst -WSPU

Became a speaker for the Joined WSPU in 1906. 3 years later, left job WSPU in 1905. She as a teacher and trained as a lawyer but could not practice as became a suffragette woman. Arrested with full time. Frequently her mother. Fled England arrested for number of in 1912 for fear of being crimes inc. setting fire arrested again. to post box. By IqII, Unsuccessfully ran for become increasingly Parliament in 1918. militant.

<u>Millicent Fawc</u> NUWSS

Millicent Fawcett -NUWSS

Leading suffragist and led NUWŠS from 1897-1919. Played a key role in getting women the vote. Dedicated to using constitutional means, and argued that militancy was counter-productive.

Key Words				
10	arson	The act of deliberately setting fire to property with a view to causing extensive damage.		
II	Cat and Mouse Act	Permitted suffragettes on hunger strike to be released but re-arrested once well again to complete their sentences.		
12	constitutional	A peaceful, legal way of campaigning, often using recognised 'political' methods such as petitions.		
13	enfranchisement	To be granted the vote or the state of having the vote.		
14	force feeding	Imprisoned suffragettes on hunger strike were sometimes force fed. Being force fed involved a rubber tube being inserted into the throat or nose and liquidised food being poured in.		
15	hunger strike	Some imprisoned suffragettes went on hunger strike to further raise awareness for their cause.		
16	manifesto	A public declaration or proclamation, stating the aims and methods of a campaign group.		
17	militant	Aggressive and violent behaviour in pursuit of a political cause, favouring extreme or confrontational campaign methods.		
18	NUWSS	The National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies (NUWSS) was formed in 1897 and brought together many smaller suffrage organisations. The NUWSS's method was non- confrontational and constitutional.		
19	pacifist	An individual who disagrees with war on principle.		
20	petition	A formal written request or application, especially one signed by many people, to a particular individual or group, for example, a government.		
21	propaganda	The publication of resources and ideas designed to encourage a particular and specific response.		
22	Representation of the People Act	In 1918, the Representation of the People Act granted the vote to women over 30 who were also householders, the wives of householders, owners of property worth over £5 or university graduates. The Act also granted the franchise to all men over the age of 21.		
23	suffrage	The right to vote in political elections.		
24	suffragette	A campaigner for women's suffrage willing to undertake militant action or to break the law.		
25	suffragist	A campaigner for women's suffrage who believes in constitutional methods of campaigning.		
26	WSPU	Women's Social and Political Union was formed when Emmeline Pankhurst found disillusionment with the progress of NUWSS. Deeds not Words was their slogan.		